SYLLABUS

MATH	EMAT	ICS – I(B) FIRST YEAR
S.No.		ΤΟΡΙΟ
	Prerequisites - Introduction	
	0.1	Prerequisites
1		Locus
		Introduction
	1.1	Definition of Locus- III ustrations
	1.2	Equation of Locus-Problems connected to it
2	Transformation of Axes	
	Introduction	
	2.1	Transformation of axes-Rules, derivations and illustratiorts
	2.2	Rotation of axes-Derivations-Illustrations
3	The St	traight Line - Introduction
	3.1	Revision of fundamental results
	3.2	Straight line- Normal form-Illustrations
	3.3	Straight line-Symmetric form
	3.4	Straight line-Reduction into various forms
	3.5	Intersection of two straight lines
	3.6	Family of straight lines-Concurrent lines
	3.7	Condition for Concurrent lines
	3.8	Angle between two lines
	3.9	Length of the perpendicular from a point to a line
	3.10	Distance between two parallel lines
	3.11	Concurrent lines- Properties related to a -triangle
4	Pair o	f Straight Lines - Introduction
	4.1	Equations of a pair of lines passing through the origin Angle between a pair of lines
	4.2	Condition for perpendicular and coincident lines, bisectors of angles
	4.3	Pair of bisectors of angles
	4.4	Pair- of lines – Second degree general equation
	45	Conditions for parallel lines- Distance between them, Point of intersection of
	т.Ј	pair of lines
	4.6	Homogenising a second degree equation with a first degree equation in x and y
5	Three	Dimensional Coordinates - Introduction
	5.1	Coordinates
	5.2	Section formula
	5.3	Solved Problems
6	Direct	ion Cosines and Direction Ratios - Introduction
	6.1	Direction cosines
		Direction ratios
7	The P	lane - Introduction
	7.1	Cartesian equation of a plane- Simple illustrations
8	Limits	and Continuity - Introduction

- 8.1 Intervals and neighbourhoods
- 8.2 Limits
- 8.3 Standard limits
- 8.4 Continuity

9 Differentiation - Introduction

- 9.1 Derivative of a function
- 9.2 Elementary properties
- 9.3 Trigonometric, Inverse Trigonometric, Hyperbolic, Inverse Hyperbolic
- Functions- Derivatives
- 9.4 Methods of differentiation
- 9.5 Second Order Derivatives

10 Applications of Derivatives Introduction

- 10.1 Errors and approximations
- 10.2 Geometrical interpretation of the derivative
- 10.3 Equations of tangent and normal to a curve
- 10.4 Lengths of tangent, normal, subtangent and subnormal
- 10.5 Angle between two curves and condition for orthogonality of curves
- 10.6 Derivatives as a rate of change
- 10.7 Rolle's Theorem and Lagrange's Mean Valve Theorem
- 10.8 Increasing and Decreasing functions
- 10.9 Maxima and Minima