B.A. LLB. (ode No

Set No.

18U/117/27

1504

Ola No of Printed De

or triffich rages : 44	Question Booklet No
(To be filled up by the	e candidate by blue/black ball-point pen)
Poll No.	
all No. (Write the digits in words)	(218)
ere. No. of OMR Answer Sheet	(20,0)
Centre Code No.	
v. (r. Date	(Signature of Invigilator)

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

if so only blue/black ball-point per in the space above and on both sides of the OMR Answer Sheet)

- 1. Within 30 minutes of the issue of the Question Booklet, check the Question Booklet to ensure that correct sequence and that no page/question is missing. In case of faulty it contains all the pages is lent/Invigilator immediately to obtain a Question Booklet bring to the notice. the Superint fresh Question Book
- h or blank, insid nination Hall except the Admit Card. He not bring any log se paper, writte
- en. It should n olded or mutilated. A second OMR Answer iswer Sheet is g A senarate OMR A Answer Shee will be evaluated Sheet shall not be provided. Only
- Write all the enties by blue/black all pen a the spad
- On the front pige of the OMR Answer Sheet, write by pen your Holl Number in the space provided at the top, and by darkening the circles at the bottom. Also, write the Question Booklet Number Centre Code Number and the Set Number (wherever applicable) in appropriate
- As overwriting is allowed in the entries of Roll No., Question Booklet No. and Set No. (if any) on OMR Answer Sheel and also Roll No. and OMR Answer Sheel No. on the Question Booklet.
- 7. Any change in the arresaid entries is to be verified by the Invigilator, otherwise it will be taken as unfair means.
- 8. Each question in this Booklet is followed by four alternative answers. For each question, you are to record the correct option on the OMR Answer Sheet by darkening the appropriate circle in the corresponding row of the OMR Answer Sheet, by ball-point pen as mentioned in the guidelines given on the first page of the OMR Answer Sheet.
- For each question, darken only one circle on the OMR Answer Sheet. If you darken more than one circle or darken a circle partially, the answer will be treated as incorrect.
- Note that the answer once filled in ink cannot be changed. If you do not wish to attempt a question, 10. leave all the circles in the corresponding row blank (such question will be awarded zero mark).
- For rough work, use the inner back page of the title cover and the blank page at the end of this 11. Booklet.
- On completion of the Test, the Candidate must handover the OMR Answer Sheet to the Invigilator 12. in the examination room/hall. However, candidates are allowed to take away Text Booklet and copy of OMR Answer Sheet with them.
- Candidates are not permitted to leave the Examination Hall until the end of the Test.
- If a candidate attempts to use any form of unfair means, he/she shall be liable to such punishment as the University may determine and impose on him/her.
 - ह्यं ब्रिटेंश डिन्डों में अन्तिम आवरण-पृष्ठ पर दिये गए हैं।

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

रफ़ कार्य के लिए जगह



BA. LLB. Gde Na



18U/117/27 Set No. 1

No. of Questions/प्रश्नों की संख्या : 150

Time/समय: 2 Hours/घण्टे

Full Marks/पूर्णांक : 450

Note:

- (1) Attempt as many questions as you can. Each question carries 3 marks. One mark will be deducted for each incorrect answer. No mark will be awarded for the unattempted question.
 - अधिकाधिक प्रश्नों को हल करने का प्रयत्न करें। प्रत्येक प्रश्न 3 अंक का है। प्रत्येक गलत उत्तर के लिए एक अंक काटा जाएगा। प्रत्येक अनुत्तरित प्रश्न का प्राप्तांक शून्य होगा।
- (2) If more than one alternative answers seem to be approximate to the correct answer, choose the closest one.
 - यदि एकाधिक वैकल्पिक उत्तर सही उत्तर के निकट प्रतीत हों, तो निकटतम सही उत्तर हें।
- 1. Which country is to host global World Environment Day-2018 (WED-2018) celebrations?
 - (1) India
- (2) China
- (3) South Africa (4) Brazil

निम्न में किस देश को भूमंडलीय विश्व पर्यावरण दिवस-2018 (WED-2018) की मेजबानी करनी 青?

- भारत
- (2) चीन
- (3) दक्षिण अफ्रीका
- (4) ब्राजील

1

(P.T.O.)

2.		e important pollutants released by steel
	industry in India?	(b) Oxides of nitrogen
	(a) Oxides of sulphur	700 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100
	(c) Carbon monoxide	(d) Carbon dioxide
	Select the correct answer using the	code given below :
	(1) (a), (c) and (d) only	(2) (b) and (c) only
	(3) (a) and (d) only	(4) (a), (b), (c) and (d)
	निम्न में से कौन मुख्य प्रदूषक हैं जो कि भारत	में स्टील उद्योग द्वारा उत्सर्जित किये जाते हैं?
	(a) गंधक के ऑक्साइड्स	(b) नत्रजन के ऑक्साइड्स
	(c) कार्बन मोनोऑक्साइड	(d) कार्बन डाईऑक्साइड
	सही उत्तर का चयन नीचे दिए गये कूट से कीजि	नए :
	(1) केवल (a), (c) और (d)	(2) केवल (b) और (c)
	(3) केवल (a) और (d)	(4) (a), (b), (c) और (d)
3.	Saffron is obtained from which amor	ng the following part of the plant?
	(1) Stigma (2) anther	(3) Stamen (4) Pollen
	पौधे के निम्न में किस भाग से केसर प्राप्त किय	ा जाता है?
	(1) वर्तिकाग्र (2) परागकोष	(3) पुंकेसर (4) पराग
4.	Which among the following is not a	'hereditary' disease?
	(1) Thalassemia	(2) Colour blindness
	(3) Haemophilia	(4) Leukemia
(97)	2	

(P.T.O.)

	निम्न में कौन एक 'वंश	गनुगत' बीमारी नहीं है?				
	(1) थैलेसीमिया	(2) वर्णान्धता	(3)	हीमोफीलिया	(4) ल्यूकीमिया	
5.	Which one of the	following metal is	use	ed for 'amalgam	ation'?	
	(1) Copper	(2) Mercury	(3)	Lead	(4) Aluminium	
	निम्नलिखित में से किस	धातु का प्रयोग 'एमलग	ामेशन	' के लिये प्रयोग वि	केया जाता है?	
	(1) ताँबे	(2) पारद	(3)	सीसे	(4) अल्यूमीनियम	
6.	LPG is a hydroca	rbon consisting of	a m	ixture of :		
	(1) methane and	butane	(2)	propane and l	butane	
	(3) ethane and pr	ropane	(4)	ethane and bu	utane	
	एल०पी०जी० एक हाइड्र	ोकार्बन है, जो कि मिश्र	ण है	:		
	(1) मीथेन और ब्यूटेन	का	(2)	प्रोपेन और ब्यूटेन	का	
	(3) ईथेन और प्रोपेन व	का	(4)	ईथेन और ब्यूटेन	का	
7.	In context with co	omputers, what car	n be	the uses of 'co	ookies'?	
	(a) Maintain infor	mation	(b)	Run a prograr	mme	
	(c) Deliver a virus	3				
	Choose the correc	t answer:				
	(1) only (a)	S. • S	(2)	(a) and (b)		
	(3) (b) and (c)		(4)	(a), (b) and (c)		

3

97)

	संगणकों के सन्दर्भ में '	कुकीज' का प्रयोग निम्न	में व	या हो सकता है?		
	(a) सूचना का अनुरक्षण	Т	(b)	किसी कार्यक्रम का	संच	ालन
	(c) विषाणु का परिदान	करना				
	सही उत्तर चुनिए :					
	(1) केवल (a)		(2)	(a) और (b)		
	(3) (b) और (c)		(4)	(a), (b) और (c)		
8.	Deposition of whi	ch among the follo	wing	g in the joints,	cau	ses arthritis?
	(1) Lactic acid	(2) Oxalic acid	(3)	Acetic acid	(4)	Uric acid
	जोड़ों में निम्न में किस	के जमा होने से गंठिया	रोग ह	होता है?		
	(1) लैक्टिक अम्ल		(2)	ऑक्जैलिक अम्ल		
	(3) एसिटिक अम्ल		(4)	यूरिक अम्ल		
9.	Which among the	following is the e	dible	part in rice?		
	(1) Fruit	(2) Cotyledons	(3)	Endosperm	(4)	Embryo
	चावल का खाद्य भाग	निम्न में क्या है?				
	(1) फल	(2) दालपत्र	(3)	भ्रूणपोष	(4)	भ्रूण
10.	In the Windows >	ζP, what does XP s	stano	ds for?		
	(1) Extra-Powerfu	1	(2)	Experience		
	(3) Extended Plat	form	(4)	Experienced F	Platfo	orm
(97)		4				

	विंडोज एक्स॰पी॰ (Wind	ows XP) में XP से	क्या	तात्पर्य है?			
	(1) एक्स्ट्रा पावरफुल		(2)	एक्स्पीरियंस			
	(3) एक्स्टैंडेड प्लेटफार्म		(4)	एक्स्पीरियंसड प्लेटप	हार्म		
11.	In many countries wicy roads in winter. V					10.00	
	(1) The salt inhibits	the formation o	f ice	crystals.			
	(2) The salt lowers	the freezing poin	t of	water.			
	(3) The salt raises t	he freezing point	of v	water.			
	(4) The salt provide	s necessary fricti	on t	o the tyres of	the	vehicles.	
	बहुत से ठंडे देशों में बण् करती है। निम्न में से कौन			न कॉर्पोरेशन शीत	ऋतु	में नमक का	छिड़काव
	(1) नमक बर्फ के कण (1	क्रिस्टल) बनने को रोव	क देत	ा है।			
	(2) नमक पानी के जमनाँव	क (फ्रीजिंग प्वॉइंट) कं	ो कम	। कर देता है।			
	(3) नमक पानी के जमनाँव	क (फ्रीजिंग प्वॉइंट) के	ते बढ़	ा देता है।			
	(4) नमक गाड़ियों के टाय	रों को आवश्यक घर्षण	ग प्रदा	न करता है।			
12.	Dalton's name is as	sociated with wh	ich	of the following	g tei	rms?	
	(1) Electron (2	2) Proton	(3)	Atom	(4)	Neutron	
	डाल्टन का नाम निम्न में रि	केससे सम्बद्ध है?					
	(1) इलेक्ट्रॉन (2	2) प्रोटॉन	(3)	परमाणु	(4)	न्यूट्रॉन	
97)		5					(P.T.O.)
- 1							50

97

12	A gold ring which	n is 50% nure. Its	purity can be alte	ernatively shown as:
13.				(4) 12 carat
	(1) 24 carat	(2) 22 carat	(3) 18 carat	
	एक सोने की अंगूठी	50% शुद्ध है। इसकी श्	द्भिता दूसरे रूप में दर्शाव	यी जा सकती है :
	(1) 24 कैरट में	(2) 22 कैरट में	(3) 18 कैस्ट में	(4) 12 कैंग्ट में
14.	Which among th	e following is the	main constituent o	of 'Biogas'?
	(1) Methane	(2) Propane	(3) Butane	(4) Ethane
	निम्न में से कौन 'बाय	ोगैस' का मुख्य घटक है	? ?·	
	(1) मीथेन	(2) प्रोपेन	(3) ब्यूटेन	(4) ईंथेन
15.	Which State has released by NITI	ACC 175 CT	Index progressive	report, which is recently
	(1) Punjab		(2) Kerala	
	(3) Uttar Prades	h	(4) Tamil Nadu	
	नीति आयोग द्वारा अ प्रथम स्थान पर है?	द्यतन जारी रिपोर्ट के अ	नुसार, निम्न में से कौन	-सा राज्य स्वास्थ्य सूचकांक है
	(1) पंजाब	(2) केरल	(3) उत्तर प्रदेश	(4) तमिलनाडु
16.	Which Indian per Palestine'?	rsonality has been	conferred the 'Gra	and Collar of the State o
	(1) Sushma Swa	raj	(2) Lata Mange	shkar
	(3) Narendra Mo	di	(4) Amitabh Ba	chchan
(97)		•	5	

	भारत के किस हस्ती को 'ग्रैंड कॉलर ऑफ	स्टेट ऑफ पेलेस्टीन' से सम्मानित किया गया है?	
	(1) सुषमा स्वराज (2) लता मंगेशकर	(3) नरेन्द्र मोदी (4) अमिताभ बच्चन	
17.	The 'Sela Pass' is located in which	h State?	
	(1) Sikkim	(2) Arunachal Pradesh	
	(3) Manipur	(4) Himachal Pradesh	
	'सेला पास' किस राज्य में स्थित है?		
	(1) सिक्किम (2) अरुणाचल प्रदेश	ा (3) मणिपुर (4) हिमाचल प्रदेश	
18.	Who established the 'Tatvabodhin	ni Sabha'?	
	(1) Debendranath Tagore	(2) Raja Ram Mohan Roy	
	(3) Rabindranath Tagore	(4) Keshab Chandra Sen	
	'तत्वबोधिनी सभा' की स्थापना किसने की?		
	(1) देवेन्द्रनाथ टैगोर	(2) राजा राममोहन राय	
	(3) रवीन्द्रनाथ टैगोर	(4) केशब चन्द्र सेन	
19.	Who initiated the 'Young Bengal	Movement'?	
	(1) H. P. Blavatsky	(2) Henry Vivian Derozio	
	(3) William Jones	(4) A. O. Hume	
	'तरुण बंगाल आन्दोलन' की शुरूआत किसने	की थी?	
	(1) एच० पी० ब्लावाटस्की	(2) हेनरी विवियन डेरोजियो	
	(3) विलियम जोन्स	(4) ए० ओ० ह्यूम	
97)		7 (P.T.O	.)

20.	Which of the follo	wing pair is incorr	ect?						
	(1) Swami Viveka	(1) Swami Vivekananda—Ramkrishna Mission							
	(2) Jyotiba Phule-	—Satya Shodhak S	Samaj						
	(3) Gopal Krishna	a Gokhale—Adi Bra	ahma Samaj						
	(4) Atmaram Pane	durang—Prarthana	Samaj						
	निम्न में से कौन-सा यु	एम सही नहीं है?							
	(1) स्वामी विवेकानन्द-	–रामकृष्ण मिशन	(2) ज्योतिवा फूले—	-सत्य शोधक समाज					
	(3) गोपाल कृष्ण गोख	ले—आदि ब्रह्म समाज	(4) आत्माराम पाण्डू	रंग—प्रार्थना <i>समाज</i>					
21.	Which of the follow of Lapse Policy'?	wing State was not	annexed by Dalho	ousie under the 'Doctrin					
	(1) Jaitpur	(2) Satara	(3) Junagarh	(4) Sambalpur					
	निम्नलिखित राज्यों में र गया था?	से कौन-सा राज्य डलहौ	जी की 'हड़प नीति' वे	के अन्तर्गत समामेलित नहीं किः					
	(1) जैतपुर	(2) सतारा	(3) जूनागढ़	(4) सम्बलपुर					
22.	In which of the fo	ollowing State 'Ku	ka Movement' wa	s initiated?					
	(1) Rajputana	(2) Punjab	(3) Bengal	(4) Bihar					
	निम्न में से किस राज्य	में 'कूका आन्दोलन' र्व	ते शुरूआत हुई?						
	(1) राजपुताना	(2) पंजाब	(3) बंगाल	(4) बिहार					
(97)		8							

23. V	Vhich	of	the	following	pair	is	incorrect	?
-------	-------	----	-----	-----------	------	----	-----------	---

- (1) Bengal Gazette-James Augustus Hikki
- (2) Banga Darshan—Bankim Chandra Chatterjee
- (3) Kesari-Bal Gangadhar Tilak
- (4) Hindu-Dada Bhai Naoroji

निम्न में से कौन-सा युग्म सही नहीं है?

- (1) बंगाल गजट—जेम्स ऑगस्तस हिकी (2) बंग दर्शन—बंकिम चन्द्र चैटर्जी
- (3) केसरी—बाल गंगाधर तिलक
- (4) हिन्दू—दादाभाई नौरोजी

Which of the following pair is correct? 24.

- (1) First Congress Convention-Calcutta
- (2) Second Congress Convention-Madras
- (3) Third Congress Convention-Nagpur
- (4) Fourth Congress Convention-Allahabad

निम्न में से कौन-सा युग्म सही है?

- (1) प्रथम काँग्रेस अधिवेशन-कलकत्ता
- (2) द्वितीय काँग्रेस अधिवेशन-मद्रास
- (3) तृतीय काँग्रेस अधिवेशन--नागपुर
- (4) चतुर्थ काँग्रेस अधिवेशन-इलाहाबाद

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- 25. Chronological sequence in which the following events are correct?
 - (1) Partition of Bengal, Creation of Muslim League, Surat Congress Convention, Congress-League Pact
 - (2) Creation of Muslim League, Surat Congress Convention, Partition of Bengal.
 Congress-League Pact
 - (3) Partition of Bengal, Surat Congress Convention, Creation of Muslim League. Congress-League Pact
 - (4) Surat Congress Convention, Creation of Muslim League, Partition of Bengal, Congress-League Pact

निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सी घटनाएँ काल क्रमानुसार सही है?

- (1) बंगाल विभाजन, मुस्लिम लीग की स्थापना, काँग्रेस का सूरत अधिवेशन, काँग्रेस-लीग समझौता
- (2) मुस्लिम लीग की स्थापना, काँग्रेस का सूरत अधिवेशन, बंगाल विभाजन, काँग्रेस लीग समझौता
- (3) बंगाल विभाजन, काँग्रेस का सूरत अधिवेशन, मुस्लिम लीग की स्थापना, काँग्रेस-लीग समझोना
- (4) काँग्रेस का सूरत अधिवेशन, मुस्लिम-लीग की स्थापना, बंगाल विभाजन, काँग्रेस-लीग समझौता
- 26. Montegue-Chelmsford Reform is also known as :
 - (1) Indian Council Act, 1892
 - (2) Indian Council Act, 1909
 - (3) Government of India Act, 1919
 - (4) Government of India Act, 1935

किसे मॉन्टेग्यू-चेम्सफोर्ड सुधार भी कहा जाता है?

- (1) भारतीय परिषद् अधिनियम, 1892
- (2) भारतीय परिषद् अधिनियम, 1909
- (3) भारत सरकार अधिनियम, 1919
- (4) भारत सरकार अधिनियम, 1935

(97)

27.	The words 'Satyameva Jayate' inscr taken from :	ibed below our national emblem have	been
	(1) Puran	(2) Jataka	
	(3) Mandaka Upanishad	(4) Mahabharat	
	हमारे राष्ट्रीय ध्वज के नीचे अंकित शब्द 'सत्य	मेव जयते' लिया गया है :	
	(1) पुराण से	(2) जातक से	
	(3) मण्डक उपनिषद से	(4) महाभारत से	
28.	Which one of the following is the a	uthor of the book Key Note?	
	(1) Jawaharlal Nehru	(2) J. R. D. Tata	
	(3) J. N. Dixit	(4) Arundhati Roy	
	Key Note पुस्तक का लेखक निम्नलिखित में	से कौन है?	
	(1) जवाहरलाल नेहरू	(2) जे॰ आर॰ डी॰ टाटा	
	(3) जे० एन० दीक्षित	(4) अरून्धती रॉय	
29.	The largest amount of energy the Ear	th receives from the Sun is in the form	ı of
	(1) X-rays and Gamma rays	(2) Infra-red rays and heat	
	(3) Ultraviolet rays and X-rays	(4) Gamma rays and visible rays	
	सर्वाधिक मात्रा में सूर्य की ऊर्जा जो कि पृथ्वी	पर पहुँचती हैं, वह होती है	
	(1) एक्स-किरणों एवं गामा किरणों के रूपों मे		
	(2) अवरक्त रश्मी एवं ताप के रूपों में		
	(3) परावैगनी किरणों एवं एक्स-किरणों के रूप	ों में	
	(4) गामा किरणों एवं दृश्य किरणों के रूपों में		
97)	1	1 (F	P. T .O.,

30.	In	which	one	of	the	following	cities,	the	headquarters	of	World	Trade
	Or	ganisati	on is	loc	ated	?						

(1) Tokyo

(2) New York (3) Berlin

(4) Geneva

निम्नलिखित में से किस नगर में विश्व व्यापार संगठन स्थित है?

(1) टोक्यो

(2) न्यूयार्क (3) बर्लिन (4) जेनेवा

Legal Principle: Marrying once again during the subsistence of earlier 31. marriage is an offence punishable under law.

Facts: Mr. Kumar and Ms. Anita are married for the last 4 years. Ms. Anita met with an accident and was admitted to the hospital in an unconscious condition. Now 50 days have lapsed and her unconscious condition continues. The doctors say that her survival would be difficult. Mr. Kumar and Ms. Anita have a young kid aged 8 months, whom they love very much. As there is no body to take care of the child, Mr. Kumar asked his friend Ms. Urmila to take care of the kid. She imposed a condition that she would take care of the kid only if he marries her. Under these circumstances Mr. Kumar married Ms. Urmila.

- (1) Ms. Urmila forced Mr. Kumar to marry her. So Mr. Kumar has not committed any offence.
- (2) Mr. Kumar was helpless under the given circumstances. So he has not committed any offence.
- (3) Mr. Kumar by marrying Ms. Urmila has committed an offence.
- (4) Mr. Kumar has not committed any offence as the doctors in the hospital have said that Ms. Anita's survival is difficult.

32. Legal Principle: An act of God is an operation of natural forces so unexpected that no human foresight or skill could reasonably be expected to anticipate it.

Facts: The Young Boys Association was celebrating its 10th anniversary and arranged for a concert by a leading musical group. The event was organized in one of the best auditoria and all the tickets were sold out. On the day of event, an earthquake destroyed many buildings including the auditorium. People who had purchased the tickets asked for refund from the Young Boys Association as show could not take place.

- (1) The Young Boys Association must refund the cost of tickets.
- (2) The management of the auditorium must refund the cost of tickets.
- (3) The Young Boys Association or any else need not refund the cost of tickets as it was an Act of God.
- (4) The ticket holders can demand the show to be organized at a later point of time.
- Legal Principle: No remedy for the injury caused by an act, to which one has voluntarily consented.

Facts: In an exhibition cricket match organised by a club, Kohil hit a full toss delivery of Hans over the fence for a six. The ball fell on the head of Shome, a spectator and severely injured him. Shome had purchased a ticket costing Rs 1,000 to watch the match. Shome and the Club Manager are sworn enemies.

- (1) Shome can recover the costs of his medical expenses from Kohil.
- (2) Shome can recover the cost of his medical expenses from Hans.
- (3) Shome can recover the cost of his medical expenses from the Club Manager.
- (4) Nobody would be liable to pay anything to Shome.

34. Legal Principle: When at the desire of the promisor, the promisee promises to do some act, such promise is called consideration for the promise.

Facts: A arranges his Birthday Party at his home, and his friend B promises to cook a special dish for the guests. On the day of the party, A finds that B neither came to his party nor did he cooked the special dish. A sues B for the breach contract. Will A succeed in his action?

- (1) A will succeed because his friend has failed to keep his promise.
- (2) A will succeed because his reputation was affected due to his irresponsible behaviour.
- (3) A will not succeed because there is no consideration for his friend's promise to bring the special dish.
- (4) Both (1) and (2)
- 35. Legal Principle: The Constitution of India guarantees freedom of speech and expression to all the citizens subject to the power of the State to make a law and impose restrictions on this freedom in the interest of sovereignty and integrity of India, the security of State, friendly relations with foreign States, public order, decency or morality, or in relation to contempt of court, defamation, incitement of an offence.

Facts: Joy TV, a Hong Kong based Satellite TV Company introduces a new channel called as 'Channel XXX' which can be viewed in India it is meant for adults since it telecasts only adult films. The Government of India passes a law and bans viewing of this channel and other similar channels in India. It also makes reception and circulation of such programmes by cable TV operators throughout India because they were expecting massive viewership for Channel XXX. The Cable TV Operators' Federation in New Delhi filed a writ petition in the Supreme Court challenging the validity of the new law as contrary to freedom speech and expression. What could be the main argument on behalf of the government to justify their action?

- (1) The Government has all power to allow or to stop the telecasting of a new channel in the country.
- (2) State can impose reasonable restriction in the interest of decency or morality, on telecast of a channel showing adult films.
- (3) Freedom of speech and expression does not include freedom to air adult films.
- (4) State can impose reasonable restriction to maintain public order.

36. Legal Principle: Nothing is an offence, which is done by a person who is bound by law to do it.

Facts: A, a Police Officer, without warrant, apprehends Z, who has committed murder.

- (1) A is guilty of the offence of wrongful confinement.
- (2) A is not guilty of the offence of wrongful confinement.
- (3) A may be guilty of the offence of wrongful restraint.
- (4) A cannot apprehend Z without a warrant issued by a court of law.
- Legal Principle: Indian Parliament has enacted a law in 1994, prohibiting commercial dealing in human organ.

Facts: A, a poor man in dire need of money to pay off his dues to the lenders, A approaches Z, a doctor, to operate on him to remove one of his kidneys for money. Whether A has committed any offence?

- (1) Yes, removal of kidney for money is illegal.
- (2) Yes, removing kidney for money to save the life of another.
- (3) No, Z performed the operation with A's consent and fully explained him the risks involved.
- (4) No, as act was done for A's benefit so that he could pay off the money lenders.

38. Legal Principle: Services rendered to a patient by a doctor (except when given free of charge) by way of consultation, diagnosis and treatment fall in the definition of 'service' under the Consumer Protection Act.

Facts: 'A' was the only child of his parents. Once he had high fever and his parents called a doctor at home. Doctor charged for this visit and father made the payment. This doctor used to work at a reputed hospital in Delhi. The doctor administered certain medicines and asked the nurse to stay with him for night and administer to him a chloroquine injection. This injection was generally not suitable for young children. The nurse, without prior test, followed instructions of the doctor and gave the injection. As a result of an altergue reaction, the child died. The parents sued the nurse and the doctor.

- (1) Doctor was rendering a 'service'; hence liable to pay compensation.
- (2) Doctor was not liable as he came to their home to give personal treatment and was not in the hospital.
- (3) This is not a service; hence not liable.
- (4) Only the nurse is liable.
- 39. **Legal Principle**: When one person signifies to another his willingness to do or to abstain from doing anything, with a view to obtaining the assent of that other to such act or abstinence, he is said to make a proposal. The expression of willingness/desire results in a valid proposal only when it is made/addressed to some person(s).

Facts: X makes the following statement in an uninhabited hall: "I wish to sell my mobile phone for Rs 1,000".

Which of the following derivations is correct?

- (1) X made a statement that resulted in a promise.
- $\{2\}$ X made a statement that resulted in a proposal.
- (3) X made a statement that did not result in any proposal.
- (4) X made a statement that resulted in an agreement.

(97)

40. Legal Principle: Legal aid is a right and not a charity.

Facts: A person facing a criminal charge in a criminal trial pleads that he is unable to engage an advocate for reasons of poverty and that he should be provided with a lawyer at State expenses to defend him.

- (1) State is bound to provide him a lawyer as it is a matter of his right.
- (2) State may refuse to pay the expenses of lawyer to a criminal.
- (3) State may deny on the ground of unavailability of lawyer or lack of finance.
- (4) State may provide him a lawyer on the condition that he will return to the Government the fee payable to the advocate within a reasonable period.

41. Legal Principle: Justice must not only be done, but also be seen to be done.

Facts: A Judge is a shareholder in a Company, which is a party to a case before him. The integrity of the Judge is above suspicion. Both the opposing counsels affirm their faith in the impartiality of the Judge. The case is at the stage of final arguments. The Judge, however, recluses himself from the case, on the ground of his shareholding.

Which of the following is the most appropriate statement in the light of the Principle cited here?

- The Judge should have continued hearing the case since he was an honest Judge.
- (2) The Judge should have continued hearing since the counsels of both the parties have requested him to do so and, had thus agreed to adjudication by him.
- (3) Had the Judge continued to hear the case, its outcome might have appeared to be prejudiced, even though it would not have been so.
- (4) The Judge could have lost objectivity in the case and therefore reclused from it.

branch and suffered injury.

42. Legal Principle: It is settled principle that an occupier should not do a dangerous act without adequate warning.
Facts: 'A' was cutting a large tree on his land. Some boys were playing nearby. 'A' paid no attention and the tree fell, one of the boys was hit by a

- (1) The boy was illegally present and cannot claim protection of law.
- (2) A was liable as he did not give warning of the danger likely to arise by the falling tree although he knew that the boy was present.
- (3) A is not liable as there is no duty to warn a person present illegally on the occupier's premises.
- (4) A was carrying out his lawful profession on his own and anyone came there at his peril. Hence, A is not liable.

43.	A woman in India on whom the	e rape is committed is called:
	(1) prosecutrix	(2) prostitute
	(3) fallen	(4) woman of easy virtue

44. Mr. A, a witness in a case gave a statement in a court for which he knows it to be false. He committed the offence of

(1) peril (2) false evidence (3) perjury (4) mistake in law

45. Sometimes, an accused seeks pardon from the court and offers to give evidence against all others involved in a crime. He is called

(1) Witness (2) Clone (3) Approver (4) Plaintiff

46.	A 'deponent' means		
	(1) a person who makes a statemen	nt ui	inder oath
	(2) a person who signs an FIR		5 ₁₀
	(3) a person who files a plaint		
	(4) a person who is a defaulter of c	erta	ain Government dues
47.	'The law of place' is termed as :		
	(1) National Law	(2)) Lex Loci
	(3) Jus Remedium	(4)) Judge made Law
48.	The Committee formed to suggest solu Educational Institutions is named a		on to curb ragging on the campus in the
	(1) Y. K. Sabharwal Committee		
	(2) Universal College Committee		
	(3) Tehelka Committee		
	(4) R. K. Raghavan Committee		
49.			nmendation of the ——— under the decriminalize Section ——— of Indian
	(1) 20th Law Commission, Justice A	A. P	P. Shah and Section 309
	(2) 20th Law Commission, Justice I	M. F	P. Shah and Section 307
	(3) Supreme Court of India, Justice	е Н.	L. Dattu and Section 309
	(4) Planning Commission, Law Mini	ister	r, Section 309

50.	Name the Commission which organi	ised State on the basis of Languages
	(1) Fazl Ali Commission	(2) Dharam Vir Commission
	(3) Ashok Mehta Commission	(4) Sanathan Commission
51.	An 'encumbrance' in legal parlance	is a
	(1) liability on property	(2) grant of property
	(3) gift of property	(4) restriction on property
52.	The present UN Secretary—General	Antonio Guterres is from
	(1) Portugal (2) North Korea	(3) China (4) Mongolia
53.	Which of the following Asian Langua	20 Ft
	(1) Hindi and Japanese	(2) Chinese and Hindi
	(3) Japanese and Arabic	(4) Chinese and Arabic
54.	The First Woman Judge in the ICJ	(International Court of Justice) is
	(1) Sandra Williams	(2) Dame Rosalyn Higgins
	(3) Fatima Bivi	(4) Gyan Sudha Mishra
55.	Find the incorrect match:	
	Group—A	Group—B
	(1) K. K. Venugopal	Solicitor-General of India
	(2) Ravi Shankar Prasad	Law Minister of India
	(3) H. L. Dattu	Chairperson, NHRC
	(4) Dipak Misra	Chief Justice of India
(97)	20	

56.	Who is the Chief Election Commissioner?		
	(1) H. S. Brahm	(2) Om Prakash Singh Rawat	
	(3) Achal Kumar Jyoti	(4) R. Balakrishnan	
57.	The test of creamy layer in reser	vation policy in India is not applicable to	:
	(1) SC	(2) ST	
	(3) OBC	(4) Both (1) and (2)	
5 8 .	Schedule IX of Indian Constitution	on:	
	(1) provides immunity to the law	's listed in it	
	(2) enables legislations to claim pr	rotection from attack under the Constitution	n
	(3) deals with protection to land reform legislation only		
	(4) provides immunity to legislat judicial review	tions listed in it but now they are liable	to
59.	 Creation of a new State requires — majority for Constitutional Amendment. 		nt.
	(1) simple		
	(2) two-third		
	(3) three-fourth		
	(4) two-third plus ratification by	half of all States	
60.	A retired Jude of a High Court of	cannot:	
	(1) practise in the Supreme Cou	rt	
	(2) practise in any High Court is	n India	
	(3) practise in the High Court fr	om where he has retired	
	(4) practise in any court in India	a	
(97)		21 (P.T	:O.)

61.	Central Vigilance Commissioner shall hold office for a term of ——— years from the date on which he enters upon his office.				
	(1) 4 (2) 3	(3)	2	(4) 1	
62.	Which one of the following World's Constitution design and	y themes online '	up a website, 'to arm drafter	which will compar s with a better too	e the
	(1) UN	(2)	Google		
	(3) Microsoft	(4)	Amnesty Inter	rnational	
63.	A woman is changing he What offence is commit	r clothes in a triated by A?	al room, A is pe	eping through win	idow.
	(1) Rape	(2)	Sexual assaul	t	
	(3) Voyeurism	(4)	Stalking		
64.	X, a doctor, informs his Y dies of heart failure.	patient Y that he X has committed	is suffering fro	m cancer. Hearing	this
	(1) culpable homicide n	ot amounting to	murder		
	(2) no offence because	he X communica	ted in good fa	ith	
	(3) the offence of killing news	Y because X kn	ew that Y coul	d die after hearing	ξ the
	(4) the murder of Y				
65.	For providing affordable grassroots level, at their Parliament that came in Body is called?	doorsteps, a bo	dv was establic	shed by A	
	(1) Nyaya Panchayat	(2)	Gram Nyayala	ya	
	(3) Gram Panchayat		Mobile Court		
97)		22	8		

66.	The Right to Privacy is a Fundamental Right decided by the Supreme Court in
	2017. Identify the case

- (1) Justice K. S. Puttaswamy vs. Union of India
- (2) Govind vs. State of MP
- (3) Madhukar Narayan vs. State of Maharashtra
- (4) Mr. X vs. Hospital Z

67. The judgment of International Court of Justice is signed by :

- (1) the President and Registrar of the Court
- (2) all the Judges who heard the case
- (3) only the President of the Court
- (4) only the Registrar of the Court

68. Which of the following is not true?

- (1) Use of computer to perpetrate acts civil or criminal wrong is computer crime.
- (2) Theft of computer hardware or software amounts to computer crime.
- (3) Use of special knowledge about computer technology for an offence is computer crime.
- (4) None of the above

69. Which of the following is appropriate authority to make law to regulate the right of citizenship?

(1) Parliament

(2) State Legislature

(3) President

(4) Chief Election Commissioner

70.	Constitution of India abolishes untouchability and the right against it is enforceable against:
	(1) the State (2) private party
	(3) Both the above (4) persons of another cast
71.	A persons arrested and detained in custody shall be produced before the nearest Magistrate within:
	(1) 12 hours of such arrest
	(2) 24 hours of such arrest
	(3) 48 hours of such arrest
	(4) a reasonable period of time as police deems fit
72.	Environment means:
	(1) air, water, land, forest
	(2) air, water, plants, mines and minerals
	(3) air, water, animals, plants, micro organism, living creature and their inter-relationship
	(4) air, water, animals, plants and micro-organism
73.	'A' shows revolver to a dead body and removes valuables from that dead body. Which offence has 'A' committed?
	(1) Theft (2) Robbery
	(3) Criminal mis-appropriation (4) None of the above
(97)	24

74.	For stealing purse, X thrusts his hand in the pocket. X has committed	d into the pocket of Y but there is n	o purse
	(1) attempt to commit theft		
	(2) no attempt to commit theft as it	s commission was absolutely imp	ossible
	(3) no attempt to commit theft as it	s commission was relatively impo	ssible
	(4) theft irrespective of fact whether	purse was there or not	
75.	Ramesh instigates Somesh to kill Z committed the offence of	. Somesh refuses to do so. Rame	sh has
	(1) attempt	(2) abetment	
	(3) criminal conspiracy	(4) no offence	
76.	Shyam puts on military uniform and p dishonestly receives money for appoint committed?	pretends himself to be an Army Officience M in Army. Which offence Shy	cer and am has
	(1) Extortion	(2) Cheating by personation	
	(3) Fraud	(4) Criminal Breach of Trust	
77.	A intended to kill X but kills Z by micorrect in this regard?	stake. Which of the following state	ment is
	(1) A will not be held liable because	e he did not kill Z intentionally.	
	(2) A will be liable because of doctr	ine of transferred malice.	
	(3) A will not be held liable because	e the death was caused by mistal	ke.
	(4) A will not be liable because dea	th was accidental.	
(97)	25	5	(P.T.O.)

18U/117/27 Set No. 1

78.	Who was elected as Provisional Ch	airman of the Constituent Assembly?
	(1) Sachchidananda Sinha	(2) Dr. Rajendra Prasad
	(3) Dr. K. M. Munshi	(4) Dr. B. R. Ambedkar
79.	The concept of Joint Sitting of borrowed under the Constitution of	ooth the Houses of Parliament has been f India from the Constitution of
	(1) Soviet Union (2) South Africa	(3) Australia (4) Canada
80.	 42nd Constitutional Amendment 52nd Constitutional Amendment 92nd Constitutional Amendment 93rd Constitutional Amendment 	nt nt t
phras	es that are commonly used. Choose the	n below in bold are a few foreign language correct meaning from each of the phrases.
81.	Exceptis excipiendis means	
	(1) without exception	(2) with exceptions as appropriate
	(3) without proper investigation	(4) with proper investigation
82.	Carte blanche means	
	(1) absolute discretionary power	
	(2) limited freedom to consult some	eone
	(3) working as a slave	
	(4) working as a servant	
(97)	26	5

83.	In situ means		18		
	(1) in the office	(2)	in the lawn		
	(3) in the backyard	(4)	in its original place		
84.	Weltanschauung means				
	(1) philosophy of politics	(2)	philosophy of history		
	(3) philosophy of life	(4)	economic base of living		
85.	Summum bonum means				
	(1) the ultimate wrong	(2)	the ultimate good		
	(3) the supreme commander	(4)	the highest mountain peak		
86.	Nulla bona means				
	(1) the debtor has no property for seizure				
	(2) the debtor has ample property for seizure				
	(3) the debtor's relative has ample p	orop	erty for seizure		
	(4) the debtor is mentally not sound	i			
97	Sine ave non stands for				

(1) worthless fellow

(3) verbose person

(2) unqualified person

(4) indispensable person

88.	Verbum satienti stands for			
	(1) a word is end	ough	(2) a word is not	t enough
	(3) a quote is en	ough	(4) a sentence is	not enough
89.	select the pair of in the pair "Habi	words that express ts : Instincts" :	es a relationship s	imilar to that expressed
	(1) Work: Play		(2) Training : He	eredity
	(3) Learning: Fo	rce	(4) Birds : Anima	als
90.	Select the pair of in the pair "Mad	words that express : Insane" :	es a relationship si	milar to that expressed
	(1) Brave : Timid		(2) Healthy: Fat	
	(3) Red : Green		(4) Slim : Thin	
91.	Select the synony	m of <i>domain</i> from	the following	
	(1) main	(2) marketing	(3) fielding	(4) area
92.	Which of the follo	owing is the synony	ym of fictitious?	
	(1) Imaginary	(2) Flattering	(3) Damaging	(4) Fraudulent
93.	Which of the follo	wing is the antony	m of radiate?	
	(1) Approach	(2) Absorb	(3) Cool	(4) Tarnish
94.	Select the antony	m of the word tacit	from the following	g options
	(1) involved	(2) inherent	(3) implied	(4) explicit
(97)		28		

95.	In the following sentence, the first and the last parts are numbered 1 and 6. The remaining parts of the sentence are split into four parts marked B, C, D and E. Rearrange the parts B, C, D and E to make a meaningful sentence:				
	1. In order to make the law				
	B. the State Government has issued				
	C. on child labour more stringent,				
	D. on child labour				
	E. a notification extending the age bar				
	6. from 14 to 18 years.				
	(1) CBED (2) CDEB (3) DEBC (4) DECB				
96.	In the following sentence, the first and the last parts are numbered 1 and 6. The remaining parts of the sentence are split into four parts marked B, C, D and E. Rearrange the parts B, C, D and E to make a meaningful sentence: 1. There are certain plants and animals B. into organic materials C. known as decomposers D. that go back into the soil E. that break down dead plants and animals				
	6. and enhance its quality.				
	(1) CDBE (2) CEBD (3) DCBE (4) DCEB				
97.	Fill in the blank with appropriate preposition from the options given below: There is no exception ——— this rule.				
	(1) at (2) to (3) on (4) about				
97)	29 (P.T.O.)				

98.		with appropriate p		e options given below:	
	(1) of		(3) on	(4) about	
99.	Identify the part	of the following se	ntence that contain	ns an error :	
	(1) The technicia	n reminded /			
	(2) the office peo	ple to have a /			
	(3) throughly clea	aning of the machi	ne /		
	(4) after each us	e.			
100.	Identify the part	of the following se	ntence that contain	ns an error :	
	(1) It is not diffic	cult to believe that	a man /		
	(2) who has lived in this city for a long time /				
	(3) he will never	be at home /			
	(4) anywhere else	e in the world.			
101.	A person who leav	es his/her country	to settle permanent	lly in another is a/an	
	(1) Immigrant	(2) Emigrant	(3) Visitor	(4) Tourist	
102.	One who knows i	many languages is	a		
	(1) Polymath	(2) Polyandrous	(3) Polyglot	(4) Polygamist	
103.	A speech made to	oneself is called			
	(1) Dialogue	(2) Discussion	(3) Conferencing	(4) Soliloquy	
(97)		30			

tifferer	ions (Question No. it meanings of the s d (1), (2), (3) and (4)	same	e word are giver	ı. Se	lect the word fro		
104.	Extempore, Impromptu, Unrehearsed						
	(1) Conditional	(2)	Constant	(3)	Exact	(4)	Spontaneous
105.	Boisterous, Clamo	rous	s, Vociferous				
	(1) Loud	(2)	Clumsy	(3)	Dangerous	(4)	Quiet
106.	Cheer, Encourage	, Wa	ırm				
	(1) Exhilarate	(2)	Fame	(3)	Defame	(4)	Courageous
107.	Which of the following would be appropriate to complete the sentence? The building needs repairing,———						
	(1) does it?	(2)	is it?	(3)	doesn't it?	(4)	isn't it?
Directions (Question No. 108 to 110): In each of the following sentences one word is in bold letters. Select the meaning of the word from the alternatives given below them.							
108.	His allegiance to	the	party was sus	pect	from the very	beg	inning.
	(1) obedience		servility		loyalty		passivity
109.	. Iraq attempted to annex Kuwait.						
	(1) destroy			(2)	cross the bore	der	
	(3) add to			(4)	burn		
110.	These tribes gene	rally	y have a noma	dic	way of life.		
	(1) simple	(2)	wandering	(3)	military	(4)	warlike
97			31				(P.T.O.)

(97)

111.	In a class of 60 where boys are twice that of girls. Ms. Ramya ranked 17th from the top. If there are 9 boys ahead of Ms. Ramya, how many girls are after her in the rank?							
								 रम्या का स्थान इसमें में कितनी छात्रायें हैं
	(1)	26	(2)	12	(3)	10	(4)	33
Direc	tion s n wa	s (Question No. y. Identify the o	11: one	2 to 117) : 3 (the which does not	ree) belo	of the following	g 4 (p.	four), are alike in a
				देये गये 4 के समूह में तको चिह्नित कीजिए।	3 वि	प्सी न किसी तरह से ए	क प्र	कार से सम्बन्धित है जबकि
112.	(1)	Green	(2)	Red	(3)	Colour	(4)	Orange
	(1)	हरा	(2)	लाल	(3)	रंग	(4)	नारंगी
113.	(1)	Rabbit	(2)	Crocodile	(3)	Earthworm	(4)	Snail
	(1)	खरगोश	(2)	घड़ियाल	(3)	केंचुआ	(4)	घोंघा
114.	(1)	Polo	(2)	Chess	(3)	Ludo	(4)	Carrom
	(1)	पोलो	(2)	शतरंज	(3)	लूडो	(4)	कैरम
115.	(1)	Sun	(2)	Universe	(3)	Moon	(4)	Star
	(1)	सूरज	(2)	ब्रह्माँड	(3)	चाँद	(4)	तारे
116.	(1)	Cheese	(2)	Milk	(3)	Curd	(4)	Ghee
	(1)	पनीर	(2)	दूध	(3)	दही	(4)	

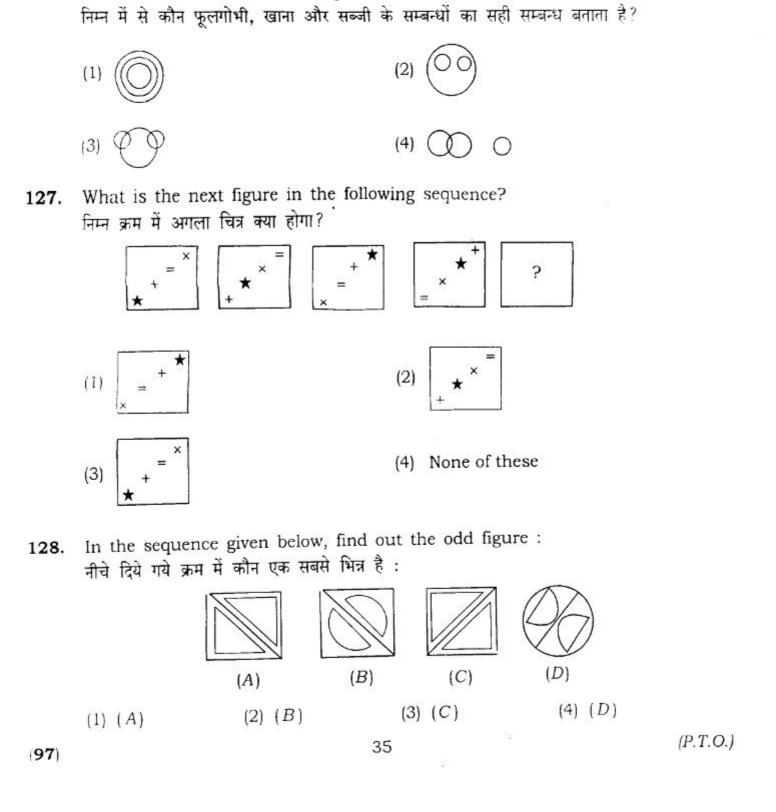
32

117.	(1) Carrot	(2) Radish	(3) Potato	(4) Turnip			
	(1) गाजर	(2) मूली	(3) आलू	(4) शलजम			
118.	What should com	e next in the follow	wing letter sequenc	e?			
	निम्न अंग्रेजी के अक्षरों	के क्रम के बाद में कौ	न-सा अक्षर होगा?				
	A A	ABABCABCDAI	BCDEABCD-	-			
	(1) A	(2) E	(3) C	(4) B			
119.	If following words: 1. Abandon, 2. Actuate, 3. Accumulate, 4. Acquit and 5. Achieve are arranged alphabetically in order, then which word will come in the last?						
	यदि अंग्रेजी के शब्द : 1. Abandon, 2. Actuate, 3. Accumulate, 4. Acquit तथा 5. Achieve को उनके वर्णमाला क्रम में व्यवस्थित किया जाये, तो कौन-सा शब्द सबसे अन्त में आयेगा?						
	(1) Actuate	(2) Accumulate	(3) Acquit	(4) Achieve			
120.	583 is related to	293 in the same w	vay as 488 is relat	ed to:			
	(1) 291	(2) 378	(3) 487	(4) 581			
	583 संख्या 293 से उसी प्रकार सम्बान्धित है, जैसे 488 संख्या :						
	(1) 291 से	(2) 378 से	(3) 487 से	(4) 581 से			
121.	In a certain code language 'Infinite' means 'Size'. What is the meaning of 'Indefinite' in that code language?						
	किसी कूट भाषा में 'Infinite' का अर्थ 'Size' से है। इसी कूट भाषा में 'Indefinite' का अर्थ क्या होगा?						
	(1) Time	(2) Day	(3) Meaning	(4) Shape			
97)		33	3	(P.T.O.)			

related to D?

	(1) Grandfather		(2) Grandmother			
	(3) Daughter		(4) Grand-daugh	ter		
	A, B की बहन है। (से क्या है?	$C,\ B$ की माँ है। $D,\ C$	टका पिता है। <i>E</i> , <i>D</i> व	की माँ है। A का सम्बन्ध <i>[)</i>		
	(1) बाबा/दादा है	(2) दादी है	(3) लड़की है	(4) नातिन/पोती है		
123.	Pointing to a old man related to K		His son is my son's	s uncle". How is the old		
	(1) Brother	(2) Uncle	(3) Father	(4) Grandfather		
	कैलाश ने एक बृद्ध आदमी की ओर इशारा करके कहा कि ''उसका बेटा मेरे पुत्र का चाचा है''। बृद्ध आदमी कैलाश का क्या है?					
	(1) भाई	(2) चाचा	(3) पिता	(4) दादा/वाबा		
124.	If $Z = 52$ and AC	T = 48, then BAT w	rill be equal to :			
	यदि $Z=52$ और ACT = 48, तब BAT का मान होगा :					
	(1) 39	(2) 41	(3) 44	(4) 46		
125.	If x stands for addition, \div stands for subtraction, $+$ stands for multiplication and $-$ stands for division, then $20 \times 8 \div 8 - 4 + 2 = ?$					
	यदि \times का अर्थ जोड़ना, \div का अर्थ घटाना, $+$ का अर्थ गुणा करना और $-$ का अर्थ भाग देना हो, तो $20\times8\div8-4+2=$?					
	(1) 80	(2) 25	(3) 24	(4) 5		
(97)		34				

122. A is B's sister. C is B's mother. D is C's father. E is D's mother. Then how is A



Which of the following correctly illustrates the relationship among the

classes-Cauliflower, Food, Vegetable?

126.

Directions (Question No. **132** to **136**): There is a certain relation between two given words on one side of: and one word is given on another side of: while another word is to be found from the given alternatives, having the same relation with this word as the given pair has. Select the best alternative.

निर्देश (प्रश्न संख्या 132 से 136) : चिह्न : : के एक तरफ दिये हुए शब्दों का आपस में एक सम्बन्ध है। इस चिह्न के दूसरे तरफ एक शब्द दिया है जिसके सम्बन्धित शब्द को दिये हुए चार क्रमागत शब्दों में से चुनाव करना है। सही सम्बन्धित शब्द का चुनाव कीजिए।

132.	Ornaments : Gold : : Needle :				
	(1) Stitch	(2) Prick	(3) Steel	(4)	Thread
133.		: Happiness : ——————————————————————————————————		(4)	Birth
134.	Physician : Treatr	nent : : Judge : —			
	(1) Court	(2) Judgement	(3) Lawyer	(4)	Punishment
135.		: : Dictionary : (2) Language		(4)	
136.	Circle : Circumference : : Square :				
	(1) Volume	(2) Area	(3) Diagonal	(4)	Perimeter
137.	Which of the following is the square of an odd number? निम्न में से कौन संख्या, किसी संख्या जो दो से भाज्य नहीं है, का वर्ग है?				
	(1) 256	(2) 361	(3) 144		
(97)		37			(P.T.O.

138.	Which of the follo	wing will have 1 a	t its units place?				
	निम्न में से किस संख्या	के मान में इकाई के स	थान पर 1 होगा?				
	(1) 19^2	(2) 17 ²	(3) 18 ²	(4) 16 ²			
139.	How many natura	ıl number lie betwe	een 18 ² and 19 ² ?				
	18 ² और 19 ² के बीच कुल कितने प्राकृत संख्याएँ होगी?						
	(1) 30	(2) 37	(3) 35	(4) 36			
140.	Which of the follo	wing is not a perfe	ect square?				
	निम्न में से कौन पूर्णवर	र्म संख्या नहीं है?					
	(1) 361	(2) 1156	(3) 1128	(4) 1681			
141.	A perfect square	can never have the	following digit at	ones place			
	निम्न में से कौन इकाई	के स्थान पर अंक नहीं	होगा यदि संख्या पूर्णवर्ग	है, तो			
	(1) 1	(2) 6	(3) 5	(4) 3			
142.	The value of $\sqrt{176}$	$6 + \sqrt{2401}$ is:					
	$\sqrt{176 + \sqrt{2401}}$ का	मान होगा :					
	(1) 14	(2) 15	(3) 16	(4) 17			
143.	Given that √5625	= 75, then the value	ue of $\sqrt{0.5625} + \sqrt{5}$	6·25 is:			
	दिया है $\sqrt{5625} = 75$, तो $\sqrt{0.5625} + \sqrt{56}$	·25 का मान होगा :				
	(1) 82.5	(2) 0.75	(3) 8.25	(4) 75.05			
(97)		38					

144. Perfect squares between 1 and 50 are :

। एवं 50 के बीच कुल पूर्णवर्ग संख्यायें होगी :

- (1) 5
- (2) 6
- (3) 7
- (4) 8

145. The value of $\sqrt{248 + \sqrt{52 + \sqrt{144}}}$ is :

 $\sqrt{248 + \sqrt{52 + \sqrt{144}}}$ on Hin givii :

- (1) 14
- (2) 12
- (3) 16
- (4) 13

146. Rahul walks 12 m North from his house and turns West to walk 35 m to reach his friend's house. While returning, he walks diagonally from his friends house to reach back to his house. What distance did he walk while returning?

राहुल अपने घर से 12 मीटर उत्तर दिशा में जाता है तत्पश्चात् वह अपने मित्र के घर उस स्थान से पश्चिम दिशा में है मुड़ कर 35 मीटर चलता है और अपने मित्र के घर पहुँच जाता है। मित्र के धर से लौटते समय सीधे मित्र के घर से अपने घर पर विकर्ण (तिरछे सीधे) की दिशा में वापस आता है। इस प्रकार उसके द्वारा अपने मित्र के घर से अपने घर तक तिरछे चली गयी द्री होगी

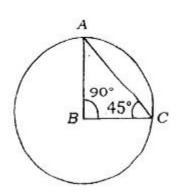
- (1) 36 m (2) 37 m (3) 38 m
- (4) 39 m

If the perimeter of a square is equal to the radius of a circle whose area is 147. 39424 cm2, what is the area of the square?

यदि किसी वर्ग के चारों भुजाओं का योग उस वृत्त की त्रिज्या के बराबर है जिसका क्षेत्रफल 39424 cm² है, तो वर्गकार का क्षेत्रफल निम्न में क्या होगा?

- (1) 1225 cm^2 (2) 784 cm^2 (3) 441 cm^2 (4) 400 cm^2

148. If the area of triangle ABC in the figure below is 24.50 cm², then what will be the area of the circle in which this Δ is situated?
अगर नीचे दिये गये वृत्त में दिखाये गये ΔABC का क्षेत्रफल 24.50 cm² है, तो वृत्त का क्षेत्रफल क्या होगा?



- (1) 24·5 cm²
- (2) 50·0 cm²
- (3) 150·0 cm²
- (4) 154·0 cm²
- 149. In a number series given below, what should come in place of question mark (?)

नीचे दिये गये अंकों की श्रेणी में प्रश्नवाचक चिह्न (?) के स्थान पर कौन-सी संख्या आयेगी?

6, 9, 15, 27, 51, ?

- (1) 84
- (2) 99
- (3) 123
- (4) 75
- 150. A shopkeeper sells 200 m of cloth for Rs 9,000 at a profit of Rs 5 per meter. What is the cost price of 1 m of cloth?
 - (1) Rs 45
- (2) Rs 40
- (3) Rs 35
- (4) Rs 30

एक दुकानदार 200 m कपड़े को 5 रू० प्रति मीटर के फायदे से 9,000 रू० में बेचता है। कपड़े का प्रति मीटर क्रयमूल्य कितना है?

- (1) 45 Fo
- (2) 40 60
- (3) 35 ₹∘
- (4) 30 Eo

* * *

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK रफ़ कार्य के लिए जगह

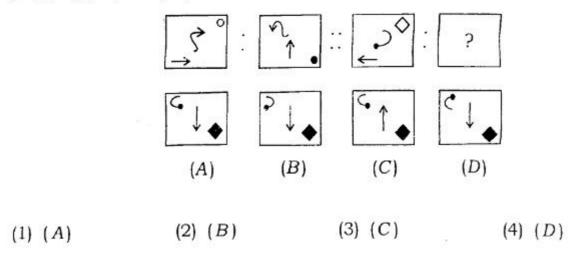
अभ्यर्थियों के लिए निर्देश

(इस पुस्तिका के प्रथम आवरण-पष्ट का उत्तर रहे - पेन से ही लिखें) केवल नीली/काली बाल-प्वाइंट पेन से ही लिखें)

- प्रथन-पुस्तिका मिलने के 30 मिनट के अन्दर ही देख लें कि प्रथनपत्र में सभी पृष्ठ मौजूद हैं और कोई पृष्ठ या प्रथन छूटा नहीं है। पुस्तिका दोषयुक्त पाये जाने पर इसकी सूचना तत्काल कक्ष-निरीक्षक को देकर सम्पूर्ण प्रथनपत्र की दूसरी पुस्तिका प्राप्त कर लें।
- परीक्षा भवन में प्रवेश-पत्र के अतिरिक्त, लिखा या सादा कोई भी खुला कागज साथ में न लायें।
- ओ०एम०आर० उत्तर-पत्र अलग से दिया गया है। इसे न तो मोडें और न ही विकृत करें। दूसरा ओ०एम०आर० उत्तर-पत्र नहीं दिया जायेगा। केवल ओ०एम०आर० उत्तर-पत्र का ही मूल्यांकन किया जायेगा।
- मर्भा प्रविष्टियाँ प्रथम आवरण-पृष्ठ पर नीली/काली बाल पेन से निर्धारित स्थान पर लिखें।
- 5. ओ०एम०आर० उत्तर-पत्र के प्रथम पृष्ठ पर पेन से अपना अनुक्रमांक निर्धारित स्थान पर लिखें तथा नीचे दिये वृत्तों को गाढ़ा कर दें। जहाँ-जहाँ आवश्यक हो वहाँ प्रश्न-पुस्तिका का क्रमांक एवं केन्द्र कोड नम्बर तथा सेट का नम्बर उचित स्थानों पर लिखें।
- 6. ओ०एम०आर० उत्तर-पत्र पर अनुक्रमांक संख्या, प्रश्न-पुस्तिका संख्या व सेट संख्या (यदि कोई हो) तथा प्रश्न-पुस्तिका पर अनुक्रमांक सं० और ओ०एम०आर० उत्तर-पत्र सं० की प्रविष्टियों में उपरिलेखन की अनुमित नहीं हैं।
- उपर्युक्त प्रविष्टियों में कोई भी परिवर्तन कक्ष निरीक्षक द्वारा प्रमाणित होना चाहिये अन्यथा यह एक अनुचित साधन का प्रयोग माना जायेगा।
- 8. प्रश्न-पुस्तिका में प्रत्येक प्रश्न के चार वैकल्पिक उत्तर दिये गये हैं। प्रत्येक प्रश्न के वैकल्पिक उत्तर के लिये आपका ओ०एम०आर० उत्तर-पत्र की सम्बन्धित पंक्ति के सामने दिये गये वृत्त को ओ०एम०आर० उत्तर-पत्र के प्रथम पृष्ठ पर दिये गये निर्देशों के अनुसार पेन से गाड़ा करना है।
- प्रत्येक प्रश्न के उत्तर के लिये केवल एक ही वृत्त को गाढ़ा करें। एक से अधिक वृत्तों को गाढ़ा करने पर अवक एक वृत्त को अपूर्ण भरने पर वह उत्तर गलत माना जायेगा।
- 10. ध्यान दें कि एक बार स्थाही द्वारा अंकित उत्तर बदला नहीं जा सकता है। यदि आप किसी प्रश्न का उत्तर नहीं देना चाहते हैं, तो सम्बन्धित पंक्ति के सामने दिये गये सभी वृत्तों को खाली छोड़ दें। ऐसे प्रश्नों पर शृत्य अंक दिये जायेंगे।
- एफ कार्य के लिये प्रश्न-पुस्तिका के मुखपृष्ठ के अन्दर वाले पृष्ठ तथा अंतिम पृष्ठ का प्रयोग करें।
- 12. परीक्षा की समाप्ति के बाद अभ्यर्थी अपना ओ॰एम॰आर॰ उत्तर-पत्र परीक्षा कक्ष/हाल में कक्ष निरीक्षक को सौंप दें। अभ्यर्थी अपने साथ प्रश्न-पुस्तिका तथा ओ॰एम॰आर॰ उत्तर-पत्र की प्रति ले जा सकते हैं।
- परीक्षा समाप्त होने से पहले परीक्षा भवन से बाहर जाने की अनुमित नहीं होगी।
- यदि कोई अभ्यर्थी परीक्षा में अनुचित साधनों का प्रयोग करता है, तो वह विश्वविद्यालय द्वारा निर्धारित दंड का/की, भागी होगा/होगी।

Some relation exists in the 2 figures left of : : similar relation exists between 129. 2 figures on right of : : of which one is missing. Find out the missing figure from the given figures (A), (B), (C) and (D):

: : के बायें ओर के दो चित्रों में एक निश्चित सम्बन्ध है। इसी प्रकार का सम्बन्ध : : के दायें ओर के दोनों चित्रों में है, जिसमें एक चित्र नहीं है। जो चित्र नहीं है वह दिये गये चित्रों (A), (B), (C) और (D) में कौन-सा है?



Six persons A, B, C, D, E and F are standing in a circle. B is between F and C: A 130. is between E and D; F is to the left of D. Who is between A and F?

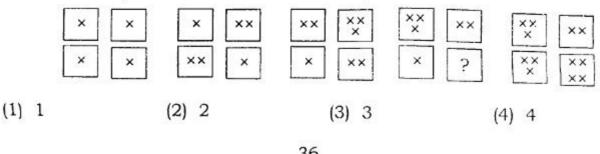
छः आदमी A,B,C,D,E और F वृत्ताकार रूप से खड़े हैं। B,F और C के मध्य है; A,Eऔर D के मध्य है; F, D के बायें ओर है। A और F के मध्य कौन है?

(1) B

(2) C

- (3) D
- (4) E

131. How many crosses will there be in box marked with '?'? बॉक्स जिसे '?' से दर्शाया गया है उसमें कितने क्रॉस होंगे?



(97)