
SSC PUBLIC EXAMINATIONS 2024 - 25
SOCIAL STUDIES
(ENGLISH VERSION)

Time : 3 Hours 15 Minutes

Max. Marks : 100

Instructions :

- 1) In the duration of 3 hours 15 minutes. 15 minutes of time is allotted to read the question paper.
 - 2) All answers shall be written in the answer booklet only
 - 3) Question paper consists of 4 sections and 33 questions.
 - 4) Internal choice is available in section IV only.
 - 5) All answers shall be written neatly and legibly.
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SECTION – I

(12 × 1 = 12)

Note : 1) Answer all the questions.

2) Each question carries 1 mark.

1. Give any two examples for renewable resources.
2. Find the odd one out.
Telugu Desam Party, Janasena party, Bharatiya Janatha Party, Bahujan Samajvadi Party
3. Wind blows loose soil off flat or sloping land known as erosion.
4. One of the following is not an Indian MNC.
Honda, Tata Motors, Ranbaxy, Infosys
5. Tax on import : Trade barrier : : Barriers on foreign trade :
6. Expand U N D P
7. The _____ plays important role in over seeing the implementation of Constitutional provisions and procedures.
8. Indentured labour migration in India was abolished in
1) 1920 2) 1921 3) 1922 4) 1923
9. What does the given picture tell us.



10. Name the secret society formed by Giuseppe Mazzini.
11. These clues belong to which economic crisis ?
1929-30, Fall in prices, Decline in production
12. Name Eastern most city from the given list
Patna, Mathura, Jaisalmeer, Imphal

SECTION - II

(8 × 2 = 16)

Note : 1) Answer all the questions.

2) Each question carries 2 marks.

13. What are the basic industries ? Give an examples.
14. Explain how print culture assisted the growth of nationalism in India ?
15. Mention any two different aspects of life in which women are discriminated or disadvantaged in India.
16. "Flexibility in labour Laws help Companies " comment.
17. Suppose you buy a bottle of Honey and Biscuit packet. Which logo or mark you will have to look for and why ?
18. What is the significance of the border roads ?
19. "The report of the state Reorganization Commission (SRC) ,was implemented exactly 50 years ago, on November 1st November, 1956. This in its own time and own way , has also Transformed the political and institutional life of the nation Gandhi and other Leaders promised their followers that when freedom came the new nation would be based on a new set of provinces, these based on the principle of Language. However, when India was finally freed in 1947, it was also divided.....
1) When did the first SRC was implemented?
2) Name any two states that speak same language?
20. Observe the given map and answer the questions.

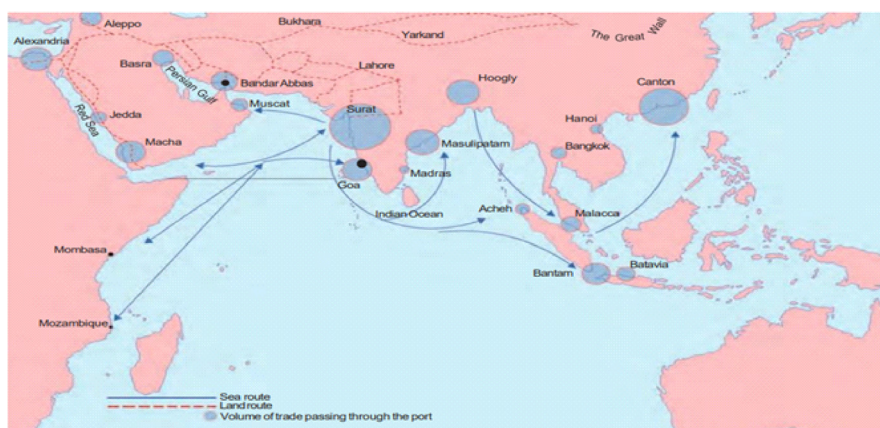


Fig. 19 – The trade routes that linked India to the world at the end of the seventeenth century.

- 1) Identify two places on the East Coast of India?
- 2) Write the names of any two seas ?

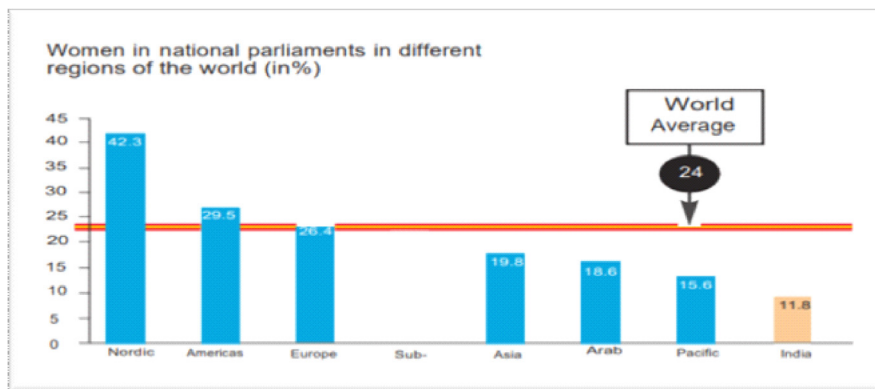
SECTION-III

(4 × 8 = 32)

Note : 1) Answer all the questions.

2) Each question carries 4 marks.

21. What is Bio diversity ? Why do Bio diversity is important for human lives ?
22. How did the East India Company procure regular supplies of cotton and silk textiles from the indian weavers ?
23. What are the conditions under which democracies accommodate social diversities ?
24. "The issue of sustainability is important for development". – Support.
25. Describe the bright future of the solar energy in India.
26. Mention your efforts to arise consciousness among customers ?
27. Observe the given bar graph and answer the questions.



- 1) Do you think Americas have achieved satisfactory level of Women's representation?
- 2) How many regions are below average in women representation in National Parliaments?
- 3) Which region has highest percentage of women representation in National parliaments?
- 4) Give any one reason for least women representation in National parliament?

28. Observe the map and answer the questions.



- 1) The given map is related to the Unification of which country?
- 2) Name any one sea that is to the north of the given map?
- 3) Name the Empire that is on the east side of the map?
- 4) Who was the king of Prussia at the time of unification ?

SECTION – IV

(5 X 8 = 24)

Note : 1) Answer all the questions.

2) Each question carries 8 marks.

3) Each question has internal choice.

4) In question No.33 both A and B (India map and world map) should be answered separately.

29. A) Describe how modern adaptations of traditional rainwater harvesting methods are being carried out to conserve and store water.

(OR)

B) Suggest the initiatives taken by the government to ensure increase in agriculture production.

30. **A) Read the paragraph and comment.**

Mahatma Gandhi's letter was, in a way, an ultimatum. If the demands were not fulfilled by 11th March, the letter stated, the Congress would launch a Civil Disobedience Campaign. Irwin was unwilling to negotiate. So Mahatma Gandhi started his famous Salt March accompanied by 78 of his trusted volunteers. The march was over 240 miles, from Gandhiji's ashram in Sabarmati to the Gujarati coastal town of Dandi. The volunteers walked for 24 days, about 10 miles a day. Thousands came to hear Mahatma Gandhi wherever he stopped, and he told them what he meant by swaraj and urged them to peacefully defy the British. On 6th April he reached Dandi, and ceremonially violated the law, manufacturing salt by boiling sea water.

(OR)

B) "Print culture assisted the growth of nationalism in India". Comment

31. A) What are the different forms of power sharing in modern Democracies ? Give an example for each of them.

(OR)

B) Suggest some reforms to strengthen parties so that perform their functions well ?

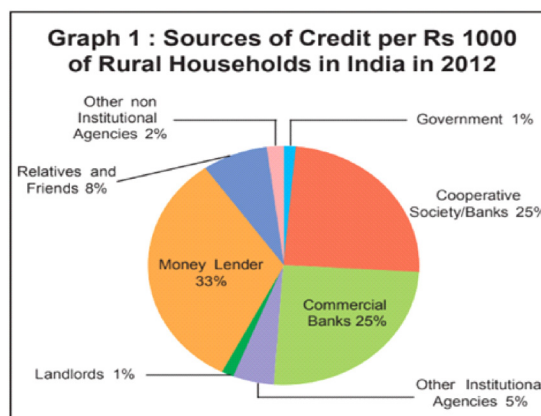
32. A) Observe the table and answer the given questions.

TABLE 2.3 WORKERS IN DIFFERENT SECTORS (IN MILLIONS)			
Sector	Organised	Unorganised	Total
Primary	1		232
Secondary	41	74	115
Tertiary	40	88	128
Total	82		
Total in Percentage			100%

- 1) What is the percentage of people in the unorganised sector in agriculture?
- 2) Do you agree that agriculture is an unorganised sector activity? Why
- 3) If we look at the country as a whole, we find that —-% of the workers in India are in the unorganised sector.
- 4) Organised sector employment is available to only about —-% of the workers in India.

(OR)

B) Basing on the the given picture observe source of credit of rural households in India.



33. A) Locate the following in the given outline map of India:

- | | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| 1) Thar desert | 2) Mahanadi |
| 3) Andaman and Nicobar islands. | 4) South Central Railway head quarters. |

(OR)

- | | | | |
|-----------|--------|--------------|---------------|
| 1) Kerala | 2) Goa | 3) New Delhi | 4) Amaravathi |
|-----------|--------|--------------|---------------|

B) Locate the following in the given outline map of world :

- | | | | |
|------------|----------|-----------------|------------|
| 1) Bratain | 2) Italy | 3) South Africa | 4) Red sea |
|------------|----------|-----------------|------------|

(OR)

- | | | | |
|-----------|-----------|-------------|-----------------------------|
| 1) Russia | 2) Brazil | 3) Srilanka | 4) United States of America |
|-----------|-----------|-------------|-----------------------------|